

PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2026 AND 2025

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Registered Head Office
724 Sarcee Street East
Kamloops, British Columbia
V2H 1E7

To the Shareholders of Progressive Planet Solutions Inc.:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Progressive Planet Solutions Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at April 30, 2026 and April 30, 2025, and the consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at April 30, 2026 and April 30, 2025, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of the Investment in a Private Company

Key Audit Matter Description

As described in Notes 2 and 8 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company uses significant judgment in determining the fair value of its investment in a private company.

The Company's investment in a private company, valued at \$468,000 as at April 30, 2026, includes financial instruments for which inputs or measures are not readily observable. These financial instruments include common shares and common share purchase warrants in ZS2 Technologies Ltd. Significant judgment is exercised by management to determine the fair value of these financial instruments at each reporting period.

We consider this a key audit matter given the significant judgment made by management in assessing the fair value of the Company's investments in a private company. This resulted in an increased extent of audit effort and judgement.

Audit Response

We responded to this matter by performing audit procedures in relation to the valuation of the investment in a private company. Our audit work in relation to this included, but was not restricted to, the following:

- Evaluating the reasonableness of inputs used in the fair value calculation by reviewing the investee's most recent financing and financial statements, as well as the valuation techniques and assumptions utilized;
- Developing an independent point of estimate of the fair value based on volatility of comparable small capitalization companies;
- Obtaining direct confirmation from the investee for the details of the most recent financing, as well as the number of common shares and warrants held;
- Recalculating the gain or loss arising from change in fair value of the investment; and
- Assessing the appropriateness and completeness of related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Company as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for the purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Kate Duholke.

Vancouver, British Columbia

August 26, 2026

MNP LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
AS AT APRIL 30,

	2026	2025
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 2,247,720	\$ 5,428,513
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	1,762,811	1,355,931
Inventories (Note 5)	2,408,195	2,594,736
Prepaid expenses and other	388,163	602,074
	<u>6,806,889</u>	<u>9,981,254</u>
Investments in public companies (Notes 6 and 27)	1,147,390	420,700
Lease receivable (Note 7)	233,813	-
Investment in a private company (Note 8)	468,000	240,000
Property, plant and equipment (Note 9)	18,500,073	14,388,501
Mineral properties (Note 10)	2,081,651	1,739,471
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 11)	62,473	1,209,200
	<u>\$29,300,289</u>	<u>\$ 27,979,126</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 12)	\$ 2,901,762	\$ 2,067,303
Other current liabilities (Note 13)	20,000	51,063
Deferred grant income (Note 14)	834,301	1,873,115
Lease obligations – current (Note 15)	121,128	103,168
Loans payable – current (Note 16)	292,691	304,077
	<u>4,169,882</u>	<u>4,398,726</u>
Long-term lease obligations (Note 15)	1,692,348	1,590,631
Long-term loans payable (Note 16)	5,376,867	5,839,779
Asset retirement obligations (Note 17)	319,182	250,439
Deferred income tax liability (Note 18)	1,985,149	1,517,634
	<u>13,543,428</u>	<u>13,597,209</u>
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital (Note 19)	30,052,803	29,913,928
Share-based payment reserve (Note 19)	6,423,755	6,223,501
Deficit	(20,719,697)	(21,755,512)
	<u>15,756,861</u>	<u>14,381,917</u>
	<u>\$29,300,289</u>	<u>\$ 27,979,126</u>

Commitments (Note 20)

Subsequent event (Note 27)

Contingencies (Note 21)

Approved on behalf of the Board:

<u>/s/ Stephen Harpur</u>	Director	<u>/s/ Randy Gue</u>	Director
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PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except number of shares)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30,

	2026	2025
REVENUE (Note 26)	\$23,200,596	\$ 19,518,077
COST OF SALES		
Cost of goods sold (Note 5)	10,792,849	9,419,759
Freight	3,218,388	2,590,791
Amortization and depreciation (Note 9)	865,538	1,416,384
Depletion	18,360	27,363
	14,895,135	13,454,297
GROSS PROFIT	8,305,461	6,063,780
EXPENSES		
<u>Selling expenses:</u>		
Advertising and other	1,348,740	711,272
Personnel (Note 22)	716,917	619,666
	2,065,657	1,330,938
Research and development costs	1,563,726	319,212
<u>General and administrative expenses:</u>		
Office and administration (Note 22)	1,138,911	1,146,179
Personnel (Note 22)	1,107,113	970,312
Share-based compensation (Notes 19 and 22)	237,179	4,509
Consulting fees	-	10,500
Professional fees (Note 22)	550,500	494,517
	3,033,703	2,626,017
	6,663,086	4,276,167
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	1,642,375	1,787,613
Finance costs	(372,496)	(553,754)
Grant income (Note 14)	864,571	283,322
Other income (Note 23)	266,575	386,600
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment in a private company (Note 7)	228,000	(652,500)
Impairment of exploration and evaluation asset (Note 11)	(1,209,349)	(24,059)
Income before income taxes	1,419,676	1,227,222
Current income tax expense (recovery) (Note 18)	(83,654)	241,796
Deferred income tax expense (recovery) (Note 18)	467,515	(684,165)
Income and comprehensive income for the year	\$ 1,035,815	\$ 1,669,591
Basic and diluted income per common share	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02
Weighted average number of common shares		
outstanding – basic	109,877,915	110,764,417
– diluted	112,069,170	110,764,417

PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2026 and 2025

	Number of shares	Share capital	Share-based payment reserve	Deficit	Total equity
April 30, 2024	112,496,943	\$ 30,202,409	\$ 6,218,992	\$ (23,425,103)	\$ 12,996,298
Repurchased shares for cancellation	(2,735,000)	(288,481)	-	-	(288,481)
Share-based compensation	-	-	4,509	-	4,509
Net income for the year	-	-	-	1,669,591	1,669,591
April 30, 2025	109,761,943	\$ 29,913,928	\$ 6,223,501	\$ (21,755,512)	\$ 14,381,917
Share-based compensation	-	-	237,179	-	237,179
Exercise of stock options	540,000	138,875	(36,925)	-	101,950
Net income for the year	-	-	-	1,035,815	1,035,815
April 30, 2026	110,301,943	\$ 30,052,803	\$ 6,423,755	\$ (20,719,697)	\$ 15,756,861

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2026 and 2025

	2026	2025
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income for the period	\$ 1,035,815	\$ 1,669,591
Adjustments:		
Reclamation work performed on mineral properties	(7,484)	(5,187)
Amortization and depreciation	905,046	1,416,384
Depletion and asset retirement obligations accretion	18,360	27,363
Share-based compensation	237,179	4,509
Finance costs	372,496	553,754
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	(62,024)	(317,490)
Gain on foreign exchange	(31,063)	(35,839)
(Gain) loss on settlement of lease liability	(14,166)	10,967
Gain on investment in a public company	(163,535)	(22,808)
(Gain) loss on investment in a private company	(228,000)	652,500
Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets (Note 11)	1,209,349	24,059
Deferred income tax expense (recovery) (Note 18)	467,515	(684,165)
Net change in non-cash operating working capital (Note 24)	(210,783)	1,806,227
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,528,705	5,099,865
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, net of grant proceeds (Note 24)	(5,051,481)	(777,892)
Proceeds from dispositions of property, plant and equipment	56,065	1,346,941
Mineral property additions	(284,313)	(262,823)
Exploration and evaluation assets acquisition and expenditures	(62,622)	(1,619)
Purchase of shares in public companies (Note 6)	(649,227)	(397,892)
Proceeds from dispositions of shares in a public company (Note 6)	86,072	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,905,506)	(93,285)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from loan financing	5,680,000	-
Loan repayments	(6,444,236)	(761,347)
Repayment of bank indebtedness	(63)	(225)
Payments on lease obligations	(181,978)	(213,820)
Lease payments received	40,335	-
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	101,950	-
Repurchased shares for cancellation (Note 19)	-	(288,481)
Net cash used in financing activities	(803,992)	(1,263,873)
Change in cash during the period	(3,180,793)	3,742,707
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	5,428,513	1,685,806
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,247,720	\$ 5,428,513

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 24)

PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED April 30, 2026, AND 2025

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Progressive Planet Solutions Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada on November 10, 2006. The Company's shares trade on the TSX Venture Exchange under the trading symbol PLAN and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the symbol ARB3. On August 17, 2022, the Company's shares were listed to trade on the OTCQB Venture Market under the trading symbol ASHXF.

The Company is a manufacturer of mineral-based products derived from diatomaceous earth, zeolite, and bentonite that is headquartered in Kamloops, BC. In conjunction with these manufacturing operations, the Company is the sole owner of a diatomaceous earth mine located near Kamloops and a bentonite mine, located near Princeton, BC, as well as the operator and partial owner of a zeolite mine, also located near Princeton. The Company is also engaged in research and development activities to expand the current operations by developing products for the agricultural and supplementary cementing materials markets.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards have been issued by the IASB of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee. With the exception of IFRS 18 described below, these updates either are not applicable to the Company or are not material to these consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements replaces IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with early application permitted. IFRS 18 introduces required categories and subtotals in the statement of profit or loss (operating, investing and financing) and new disclosure requirements for management-defined performance measures. The Company has not yet completed its assessment of the impact of adopting IFRS 18 but expects the standard will materially affect the presentation of its consolidated financial statements. The Company plans to adopt IFRS 18 for the annual reporting period beginning May 1, 2027.

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 26, 2026.

(b) Basis of presentation:

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for where otherwise stated. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

(c) Basis for consolidation:

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Company has control. The Company controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control is transferred to the Company until the date that control ceases. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED April 30, 2026, AND 2025

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries as described below:

Company	Location	Ownership Interest
Progressive Planet Products Inc. (formerly, Absorbent Products Ltd.)	BC, Canada	100%
0820443 B.C. Ltd.	BC, Canada	100%
Progressive Planet Alberta Inc.	Alberta, Canada	100%
Progressive Planet US LLC	Oregon, United States	100%

(d) Functional and presentation currency:

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries, with the exception of Progressive Planet US LLC, whose functional currency is US dollars.

(e) Use of estimates and judgments:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to use judgment in applying accounting policies and to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Information about judgments made that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements include:

- i) The recognition of deferred tax assets.
- ii) The measurement of raw material inventory stockpiles involves the use of significant judgments and assumptions, including the volume and bulk density of that material.
- iii) Identification and correct interpretation of indicators of impairment of the Company's assets.

Areas of estimation uncertainty that may have a significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements, and could result in a material adjustment within the next fiscal year is included in the following notes:

- i) The measurement of the fair value of investment in a private company (Note 8).
- ii) The taxable income the Company will generate in the subsequent 12-month period which is the basis for which it recognizes unused tax losses or other deductible amounts (Note 18).

PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED April 30, 2026, AND 2025

BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

Material Accounting Policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, unless otherwise indicated.

(f) Revenue recognition:

The Company recognizes sales on deliveries once the goods are accepted at the customer's premises, and for customer pick-up orders, at the point of sale, which is when the customer obtains control, collection of the relevant receivable is probable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and the sales price is fixed or determinable. Invoices are generated at time of shipment or pickup, as the case may be, and they are usually payable within 45 days. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer. These contracts usually specify discounts granted. Therefore, discounts are recognized as a reduction of revenue. For contracts that permit the customer to return an item, revenue is recognized to the extent that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue will not occur. Returns are exchanged only for new goods. Revenue is recognized at a point in time and sales are made to customers in Canada and the United States.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments and form an integral part of the Company's cash management. They include cash on hand, balances with bank and short-term deposits with remaining maturities at the time of acquisition of three months or less. Their carrying amount approximates their fair value.

Restricted cash consists of monies held in trust on legal undertakings which can only be used for a specific purpose (i.e., the repayment of bank indebtedness) once a release has been obtained. Restricted cash is classified as current or non-current assets based on the applicable restriction periods.

(h) Inventories

Raw materials and finished goods inventories are recorded at the lower of cost (determined on a weighted average basis) and net realizable value. Finished goods cost includes direct costs and attributable manufacturing overhead. Supplies are recorded at the lower of cost (determined on a weighted average basis) and replacement value.

Stockpiled ore inventories represent ore that has been extracted from the mine and is available for further processing. The average costs included in stockpiled ore inventories are based on mining costs incurred up to the point of stockpiling the ore, including depreciation and depletion related to mineral properties and equipment and are removed at the weighted average cost as ore is processed. The measurement of stockpiles involves the use of significant judgments and assumptions, including the volume of the stockpiles and bulk density. Stockpiled ore that is not expected to be processed within the next 12 months is classified as non-current.

The Company estimates net realizable value as the amount of inventories expected to be sold and taking into consideration fluctuations in price, less estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are written down to net realizable value when the cost of the inventories is not estimated to be recoverable due to obsolescence, damage or permanent declines in selling price. When circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in retail selling price, the amount of the write down previously recorded is reversed.

PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED April 30, 2026, AND 2025

BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

(i) Lease Receivables:

The Company classifies any assets leased to a third-party as either finance leases or operating leases. Under a finance lease, substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to the lessee. Under an operating lease, the lessee obtains the right to use the asset for a period of time, but does not obtain all the risks and rewards of ownership.

At the inception of a finance lease, the Company derecognizes the underlying asset (for example, an equipment asset) from its balance sheet and correspondingly recognizes a lease receivable. The lease receivable represents the present value of the future lease payments the Company will receive under the terms of the lease agreement. The difference between the original carrying value of the asset and the present value of future lease payments, if any, is reported as a gain or loss on sale of asset.

The lease receivable is reduced as lease payments are received by the Company. Further, the Company recognizes interest income over the lease term based on the interest rate embedded in the lease.

(j) Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Costs include expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income.

Depreciation is calculated over the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value. Depreciation of building, equipment and vehicle assets is recognized in profit or loss on a diminishing balance basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. Depreciation of leasehold improvements is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the term of the lease and the estimated useful life of the asset.

Asset	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	20 to 40 years
Equipment	5 to 20 years
Leasehold improvements	Term of lease
Vehicles	3 to 10 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED April 30, 2026, AND 2025

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

(k) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company recognizes a right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date (for new leases) or at the lease assumption date (for leases which exist and the Company is assuming from a third party). The right of use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred (including any amount paid to assume a lease) and an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. Right of use assets are included in the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment balance as presented on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

The right of use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. In addition, the right of use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The Company determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right of use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right of use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company has elected not to recognize right of use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(l) Exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation activity involves the search for mineral resources, the determination of technical feasibility and the assessment of commercial viability of an identified resource. Exploration and evaluation activity includes exploratory drilling and sampling, surveying transportation and infrastructure requirements, and gathering exploration data through geophysical studies. The Company capitalizes these costs as exploration and evaluation assets.

In addition, the Company capitalizes any direct costs of acquiring resource property interests as exploration and evaluation assets. Option payments are considered acquisition costs if the Company has the intention of exercising the underlying option.

PROGRESSIVE PLANET SOLUTIONS INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
FOR THE YEARS ENDED April 30, 2026, AND 2025

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

When technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting a mineral resource are demonstrable for an area of interest, the Company stops capitalizing exploration and evaluation costs for that area, tests recognized exploration and evaluation assets for impairment and reclassifies any unimpaired exploration and evaluation assets as mineral properties.

Exploration and evaluation assets are not amortized. Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when there is an indication that their carrying amount exceeds their recoverable amount. Management performs a review for such impairment indicators at the end of each reporting period.

(m) Mineral properties

Mineral properties include the costs incurred for acquisition and development of the Company's mineral properties as well as related asset retirement obligations. All costs related to the development of the diatomaceous earth material mine, the bentonite clay mine and the zeolite mine including associated administrative costs have been capitalized. Depletion of such costs is provided on the units of production basis. Mineral properties are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable and exceeds its fair value.

(n) Government assistance / Grant income

The Company periodically applies for financial assistance under available government incentive programs.

Government assistance relating to capital expenditures is reflected as a reduction of the cost of such assets. Government assistance relating to expenses incurred is recognized as grant income in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income as other income, on a systematic basis in the periods in which the corresponding expenses are recognized.

The Company recognizes grant income when there's a reasonable assurance that the Company will meet the grant's conditions and receive it. Grant proceeds received by the Company prior to the grant's conditions being met are reported as deferred grant income. The deferred grant income is recognized as income in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income in the same period, and in proportion to, the expenses the Company incurs in order to meet the conditions of the grant.

(o) Provisions

i. Asset retirement obligations

The Company recognizes a future asset retirement obligation as a liability in the year in which it incurs a legal or constructive obligation associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets that results from the acquisition, construction, development and/or normal use of the assets based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation. The Company concurrently recognizes a corresponding increase in the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset that is amortized over the life of the asset.

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2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

The amount of the asset retirement obligation is estimated using the expected cash flow approach discounted at a credit adjusted interest rate based on government bonds with a similar date to maturity. Subsequent to the initial measurement, the asset retirement obligation is adjusted at the end of the reporting period to reflect the passage of time and changes in the estimated future cash flows underlying the obligation. Changes in the obligation due to the passage of time are recognized in profit or loss as finance costs using the effective interest method. Changes in the obligation due to changes in estimated cash flows are recognized as an adjustment of the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset that is amortized over the remaining life of the asset.

Establishing the appropriate provision for asset retirement obligations involves application of considerable judgment and involves a risk of significant adjustments. These retirement activities are many years into the future hence the estimates include assumptions of the time required. Furthermore, changes in the discount rate may impact the estimates. As a result, the initial recognition of the liability and the capitalized cost associated with the retirement obligations as well as the subsequent adjustment involves the application of judgment.

ii. Other provisions

A provision is recognized if, because of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined using the expected future cash flows discounted, if material, at a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance expense in profit or loss.

(p) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination; affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future are also not recognized. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

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2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

(q) Financial Instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus or minus transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. Trade receivables, without a significant financing component, are initially measured at the transaction price.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets:

The Company's financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, investments in a public company, and investment in a private company. On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding.

The Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed, and information is provided to management.

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairments are recognized in consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income.

Financial assets carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial asset held at FVTPL are included in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

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2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows.

Financial liabilities:

The Company's financial liabilities are accounts payable and accrued liabilities and loans payable. On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

All of the Company's financial liabilities are classified at amortized cost. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of income and consolidated income. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid is recognized in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(r) Foreign transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the Company using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Exchange gains and losses on translation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in the consolidated statement of income and consolidated income.

If applicable, assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. Income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the functional currency at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income or loss and accumulated in the translation reserve. When a foreign operation is disposed of in its entirety, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

(s) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

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2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

The Company has a stock-based compensation plan, which is described in note 19. Equity instruments awarded to employees and the cost of the services received as consideration are measured and recognized based on the fair value of the equity instruments. The grant-date fair value is generally recognized as an expense, with a corresponding increase in equity over the vesting period of the awards. Consideration paid on the exercise of stock options is recorded as share capital, up to the fair value of the issued shares and the remaining amount to contributed surplus.

Under the fair value-based method, the compensation cost is recognized over the vesting period of the awards. Awards for past service are recognized as an expense in the period when granted.

(t) Impairment

i. Non-derivative financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on financial assets measured at amortized cost. Loss allowances for trade receivables are measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. Twelve-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within twelve months after the reporting date (or a shorter period of the expected life of the instrument is less than twelve months). The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk. ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls. ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment, which includes forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- The debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse by the Company to actions such as realizing security (if any is held); or
- The financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether the financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data such as significant financial difficulty of the debtor and a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

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2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Company has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount when the financial asset is 120 days past due based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets.

ii. Non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash generating units ("CGU"). The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the assets.

Impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. Non-financial assets that have been impaired in prior periods are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date. When identified, a reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the statement of income and comprehensive income immediately, the amount of which would not exceed the depreciated cost of the asset had it not been previously impaired.

(u) Share capital

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares, net of any tax effects are recognized as deduction from equity.

When shares recognised as equity are repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs, is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares and are presented in the treasury share reserve until they are cancelled.

(v) Finance costs

The Company's finance costs include interest expense on loans and leases. Interest expense is recognized as it accrues in the consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income, using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, or the amortized cost of the financial liability.

(w) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

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2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. When one is available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as 'active' if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

If there is no quoted price in active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is normally the transaction price – i.e., the fair value of the consideration given or received. If the Company determines that the fair value on initial recognition differs from the transaction price and the fair value is evidenced neither by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability nor based on a valuation technique for which any unobservable inputs are judged to insignificant in relation to the measurement, then the financial instrument is initially measured at fair value, adjusted to defer the difference between the fair value on initial recognition and the transaction price.

(x) Share-based compensation

The Company grants stock options to acquire common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees and consultants. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes or provides services similar to those performed by an employee. The fair value of stock options and compensatory warrants are measured on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognized over the vesting period. Consideration paid for the shares on the exercise of stock options is credited to share capital.

In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at the fair value of the share-based payment. Otherwise, share-based payments are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received.

(y) Income per share

The Company presents basic income per share for its common shares, calculated by dividing the net income attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for dilutive instruments. The number of shares included with respect to options, warrants and similar instruments is computed by assuming that outstanding options, warrants and similar instruments were exercised and that the proceeds from such exercises were used to acquire common stock at the average market price during the reporting period. Diluted loss per share does not adjust the loss attributable to common shareholders or the weighted average number of common shares outstanding when the effect is anti-dilutive. All of the Company's 8,150,000 stock options outstanding at April 30, 2026 are included in the diluted income per share calculation.

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2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

(z) Contingencies

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are possible assets or possible obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. A contingent liability can also be a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are continually assessed to ensure developments are appropriately reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
Cash	\$ 2,247,720	\$ 3,678,513
Term deposit	-	1,750,000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,247,720	\$ 5,428,513

Term deposit

At April 30, 2025, the Company had \$1,750,000 in a short-term investment account with a Tier 1 Canadian bank. The account bore interest at 3.05% per annum, for a period of 12 months (matured on Nov 19, 2025).

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
Trade receivables	\$ 1,653,297	\$ 1,300,722
Commodity tax recoverable	94,472	6,211
Other receivables	14,542	48,998
	\$ 1,762,811	\$ 1,355,931

5. INVENTORIES

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
Finished goods	\$ 342,266	\$ 378,199
Raw materials	584,808	770,714
Supplies	1,481,121	1,445,823
	\$ 2,408,195	\$ 2,594,736

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5. INVENTORIES (cont'd...)

Inventories have been pledged as security for the Company's long-term debt (Note 16) in accordance with the respective agreement. During the years ended April 30, 2025, and 2026, no write-downs of inventories or reversals of previously recognized write-downs of inventories occurred.

6. INVESTMENTS IN PUBLIC COMPANIES

During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025 and 2026, the Company acquired and disposed of common shares of two Canadian public companies. These public company shares are classified as and subsequently measured at FVTPL.

The following is a summary of the Company's public company investments for the years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025:

	Public Company #1	Public Company #2	Total
Balance, April 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Shares purchased	397,892	-	397,892
Gain from change in fair value (Note 25)	22,808	-	22,808
Balance, April 30, 2025	420,700	-	420,700
Shares purchased	605,955	43,272	649,227
Shares disposed of	(86,072)	-	(86,072)
Gain from change in fair value (Note 25)	162,617	918	163,535
Balance, April 30, 2026	\$ 1,103,200	\$ 44,190	\$ 1,147,390

Subsequent to April 30, 2026, the Company disposed of all of its shares in public company #1 and public company #2 (see Note 27).

7. LEASE RECEIVABLE

In June 2025, the Company entered into an agreement to lease an under-utilized equipment asset to a third-party. The Company assessed the lease to be a finance lease as substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership were transferred to the third-party lessee. The lease has a term of 66 months with monthly lease payments of \$4,800 (combined interest and principal) in addition to a down payment of \$25,000 received by the Company at the commencement of the lease. The interest rate embedded in the lease is 5.45% per annum. The Company determined the net present value of the lease payments to be \$274,149 which it recognized as a lease receivable. The carrying value of the equipment asset was \$234,330 at the lease inception date and accordingly, the Company reported a gain on sale of \$64,819 in June 2025 as a result of the disposition of this asset (calculated as: down payment of \$25,000 plus lease receivable of \$274,149 equals total proceeds of \$299,149 less carrying value of \$234,330).

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8. INVESTMENT IN A PRIVATE COMPANY

The following is a summary of the Company's investment in *ZS2 Technologies Ltd.* ("ZS2") for the years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025:

			Total
ZS2 Technologies Ltd. – Common shares	Common shares		
Balance, April 30, 2024	450,000	\$	742,500
Unrealized loss from change in fair value	-		(517,500)
Balance, April 30, 2025	450,000	\$	225,000
Unrealized gain from change in fair value (a)	-		225,000
Balance, April 30, 2026	450,000	\$	450,000
ZS2 Technologies Ltd. – Share purchase warrants	Warrants		
Balance, April 30, 2024	300,000	\$	150,000
Unrealized loss from change in fair value	-		(135,000)
Balance, April 30, 2025	300,000	\$	15,000
Unrealized gain from change in fair value (b)	-		3,000
Balance, April 30, 2026	300,000	\$	18,000
Investments in common shares and warrants of ZS2 balance:			
Balance, April 30, 2025		\$	240,000
Balance, April 30, 2026		\$	468,000

- (a) In the year ended April 30, 2026, ZS2 issued common shares under a private placement at \$1.00 per share to arm's length investors. The Company did not participate in the private placement. However, the private placement price of \$1.00 per share was an indicator of the fair value of the ZS2 shares as at April 30, 2026. Accordingly, the Company recorded an unrealized gain of \$225,000 (\$0.50 per share) to increase the carrying value of the investment from \$225,000 to \$450,000 during the year ended April 30, 2026.
- (b) On April 30, 2026, the Company estimated the fair value of its 300,000 share-purchase warrants to be \$18,000 (\$0.06 per warrant), which was \$3,000 higher than the carrying value recorded as at April 30, 2025. Accordingly, the Company recorded an unrealized gain of \$3,000 during the year ended April 30, 2026.

The share-purchase warrants expire on March 8, 2027 and were valued using a Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following assumptions:

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
Spot price per share	\$1.00	\$0.50
Strike price per share	\$2.00	\$2.00
Risk-free interest rate	2.96%	2.47%
Expected life of options	0.85 years	1.85 years
Expected annualized volatility	67.00%	80.00%
Expected dividend rate	0.00%	0.00%

The Company's investments in shares and warrants in ZS2 are classified as and subsequently measured at FVTPL.

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9 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

A summary of the changes in the Company's property, plant and equipment for the years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

	Land		Buildings		Equipment		Vehicles		Total
	Freehold	Leasehold	Owned	Leased	Owned	Leased	Owned	Leased	
Cost									
Balance, April 30, 2024	\$ 2,170,000	\$ 8,037,878	\$ 2,507,748	\$ -	\$ 5,605,353	\$ 402,433	\$ 140,764	\$ 128,471	\$ 18,992,647
Additions	-	-	164,661	-	613,231	-	-	-	777,892
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	128,471	(128,471)	-
Dispositions	-	(1,532,467)	(399,047)	-	(375,652)	-	-	-	(2,307,166)
Balance, April 30, 2025	2,170,000	6,505,411	2,273,362	-	5,842,932	402,433	269,235	-	17,463,373
Additions (a)	-	-	764,810	135,070	4,286,672	-	-	-	5,186,552
Adjustments (b)	-	71,754	-	-	75,124	(48,622)	-	-	98,256
Dispositions (c)	-	-	-	-	(795,274)	-	-	-	(795,274)
Balance, April 30, 2026	\$ 2,170,000	\$ 6,577,165	\$ 3,038,172	\$ 135,070	\$ 9,409,454	\$ 353,811	\$ 269,235	\$ -	\$ 21,952,907
Accumulated									
Balance, April 30, 2024	\$ -	\$ 170,115	\$ 284,383	\$ -	\$ 1,441,361	\$ 63,637	\$ 48,620	\$ 102,252	\$ 2,110,368
Additions	-	590,533	106,193	-	615,469	68,680	35,509	-	1,416,384
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	102,252	(102,252)	-
Dispositions	-	(112,712)	(152,982)	-	(186,186)	-	-	-	(451,880)
Balance, April 30, 2025	-	647,936	237,594	-	1,870,644	132,317	186,381	-	3,074,872
Additions	-	209,824	98,312	6,754	500,173	65,127	24,856	-	905,046
Adjustments (b)	-	-	-	-	47,430	(47,430)	-	-	-
Dispositions (c)	-	-	-	-	(527,084)	-	-	-	(527,084)
Balance, April 30, 2026	\$ -	\$ 857,760	\$ 335,906	\$ 6,754	\$ 1,891,163	\$ 150,014	\$ 211,237	\$ -	\$ 3,452,834
Net Book Value									
Balance, April 30, 2025	\$ 2,170,000	\$ 5,857,475	\$ 2,035,768	\$ -	\$ 3,972,288	\$ 270,116	\$ 82,854	\$ -	\$ 14,388,501
Balance, April 30, 2026	\$ 2,170,000	\$ 5,719,405	\$ 2,702,266	\$ 128,316	\$ 7,518,291	\$ 203,797	\$ 57,998	\$ -	\$ 18,500,073

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PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd...)

- (a) The total value of property, plant and equipment additions for year ended April 30, 2026, was \$6,742,019. Of these additions, \$3,119,670 were determined to be eligible expenditures for previously awarded government grants (see Note 14), which reimburse 49.86% of such expenditures. Accordingly, consistent with the Company's accounting policies, the value of the property, plant and equipment additions have been reduced by the corresponding grant proceeds received, which was \$1,555,467 for the year ended April 30, 2026 (i.e., \$3,119,670 of eligible expenditures multiplied by the grant rate of 49.86%). Of this amount, \$45,240 was applied to building additions and \$1,510,227 was applied to equipment additions.

Effective February 1, 2026, the Company entered into a 5-year premises lease for its research and development lab. The Company capitalized the value of this lease as a Leased Building asset. The amount capitalized at the inception of the lease was \$135,070, based on an implied interest rate of 4.95%.

\$756,119 of the additions to the owned buildings assets pertain to the expansion of an existing building. This expansion was still under construction as at April 30, 2026. Accordingly, no depreciation of this asset was recorded in the current year.

- (b) During the year ended April 30, 2026, the Company purchased a forklift prior to the end of its lease term. Accordingly, the Company transferred the initial cost of this asset (\$75,124) and accumulated depreciation (\$47,430) from the Leased Equipment to Owned Equipment category above.

In addition, during the current year there were changes to certain of the Company's leases, as follows:

- In October 2025, there were modifications to four of the Company's forklift leases, which resulted in an increase in the leased equipment value of \$26,502 and a corresponding increase in the lease liability of \$26,502 (see Note 15).
 - In January 2026, there were modifications to three of the Company's land leases, which resulted in an increase in the leased land value of \$71,754 and a corresponding increase in the lease liability of \$71,754 (see Note 15).
- (c) During the year ended April 30, 2026, the Company sold or disposed of equipment assets with a combined cost of \$794,274 and accumulated depreciation of \$527,084 for total gross proceeds of \$330,214 (consisting of cash of \$56,065 and a lease receivable of \$274,149 – see Note 7 above).

Property, plant and equipment have been pledged as security for the Company's long-term debt (Note 16) in accordance with the respective agreements.

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10. MINERAL PROPERTIES

A summary of the changes in the Company's mineral properties for the years ended April 30, 2026, and 2025 is as follows:

	Red Lake Mine Savona, BC	Bud Mine Princeton, BC	Bromley Creek Mine Princeton, BC	Total
Balance, April 30, 2024	\$ 694,150	\$ 365,535	\$ 431,027	\$ 1,490,712
Additions	102,752	50,008	146,313	299,073
Change in ARO estimate (Note 17)	23,863	(83,576)	34,235	(25,478)
Depletion	(17,681)	(7,155)	-	(24,836)
Balance, April 30, 2025	803,084	324,812	611,575	1,739,471
Additions	147,865	133,834	2,614	284,313
Change in ARO estimate (Note 17)	1,319	71,713	(2,095)	70,937
Depletion	(8,683)	(4,387)	-	(13,070)
Balance, April 30, 2026	\$ 943,585	\$ 525,972	\$ 612,094	\$ 2,081,651

As at April 30, 2026, the Company owned 100% interests in the Red Lake Mine and the Bud Bentonite Mine, as well as 32.1% interest in the Bromley Creek Mine. The Company pays a royalty of \$4.50 per metric tonne of zeolite that is mined and removed from the Bromley Creek Mine property to International Zeolite Corporation.

11. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

A summary of the changes in the Company's exploration and evaluation assets for the years ended April 30, 2026, and 2025 is as follows:

	Z1 Zeolite Property, BC	Ferguson Creek Property, BC	Sun Group Zeolite Property, BC	Total
Balance, April 30, 2024	\$ 1,207,739	\$ -	\$ 60,151	\$ 1,267,890
Exploration cost additions	1,461	-	158	1,619
Disposition	-	-	(60,309)	(60,309)
Balance, April 30, 2025	1,209,200	-	-	1,209,200
Acquisition payments	-	50,000	-	50,000
Exploration cost additions	149	12,473	-	12,622
Impairment	(1,209,349)	-	-	(1,209,349)
Balance, April 30, 2026	\$ -	\$ 62,473	\$ -	\$ 62,473

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11. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

Title to exploration and evaluation assets interests involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulty of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mineral claims. The Company has investigated title to all of its exploration and evaluation assets interests and, to the best of its knowledge, expects title to all of its interests to be in good standing.

Z1 Zeolite Property, British Columbia

On January 23, 2017, the Company entered into a property option agreement, subsequently amended, for the Z1 Zeolite Property, located 3km northeast of Cache Creek, BC, for the following consideration:

- i) Cash payment of \$20,000 (paid);
- ii) 666,667 common shares (issued at a value of \$430,000);
- iii) 333,333 common shares (issued at a value of \$105,000); and
- iv) incur \$500,000 of exploration expenditures on or before January 23, 2019 (incurred).

In November 2025, Management elected not to renew the Company's mine lease permit for the Z1 Zeolite property, which was expiring at that time. Accordingly, the Company wrote-off the entire capitalized cost of this property of \$1,209,349 during the current year.

Ferguson Creek Property, British Columbia

On June 17, 2025, the Company entered into a purchase agreement to acquire a 100% interest in a pozzolan mineral property near Ferguson Creek, BC, for the following consideration:

- i) \$50,000 cash payment on June 17, 2025 (paid).
- ii) \$25,000 cash payment due within five days following the issuance of a bulk sample permit.
- iii) \$50,000 cash payment due within five days following the issuance of a mine permit.

12. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$73,151 as at April 30, 2026 (April 30, 2025 - \$27,238), which include amounts payable for GST, PST, EHT, payroll related taxes, workers' compensation and other federal remittances.

13. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

A summary of the Company's other current liabilities as at April 30, 2026, and 2025 is as follows:

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
Current portion of Asset Retirement Obligation (Note 17)	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000
US dollar forward contracts liability	-	31,063
	\$ 20,000	\$ 51,063

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14. DEFERRED GRANT INCOME

Effective November 18, 2024, the Company was awarded a grant from Sustainable Development Technology Canada ("SDTC") to support the Company's construction of a pilot plant to produce PozGlass™, a low-carbon supplementary cementitious material derived from post-consumer glass. The total grant award from SDTC was equal to 40% of the Company's anticipated pilot plant project costs, to a maximum of \$4,636,468. The first tranche of SDTC grant funding was received by the Company in January 2025, in the amount of \$1,555,682. A second tranche, in the amount of \$1,112,509, was received in March 2026.

Additionally, effective March 25, 2025, the Company was awarded a grant from B.C.'s Innovative Clean Energy Fund ("ICE"), which was also to support the Company's construction of the PozGlass™ pilot plant. The total grant award from ICE was equal to 9.86% of the Company's anticipated pilot plant project costs, to a maximum of \$1,140,000. The first tranche of ICE grant funding was received by the Company in April 2025 in the amount of \$602,569. A second tranche of ICE grant funding in the amount of \$268,715 was received in March 2026.

During the year ended April 30, 2026, the Company incurred \$4,853,666 of eligible project costs (2025: \$571,874), of which \$3,119,670 were related to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment assets (2025: Nil) and \$1,733,996 were related to non-capital project costs (2025: \$571,874). Consistent with the Company's accounting policy for recognizing government assistance, 49.86% (\$1,555,467) of the property, plant and equipment costs were deducted from the acquisition cost of these assets (see Note 9). In addition, 49.86% (\$864,571) of the non-capital eligible project costs were recognized as grant income in the statement of income and comprehensive income.

A summary of the changes in the Company's deferred grant income balance for the years ended April 30, 2026, and 2025 is as follows:

	Project Funding		Project Spending		Deferred
	Grants	Costs	Reimbursement	Funding	Grant
	received	Incurred	Factor	Recognized	Income
Balance, April 30, 2024					\$ -
SDTC Tranche 1	\$ 1,555,682				1,555,682
ICE Tranche 1	\$ 602,569				602,569
Eligible project costs - non-capital		\$ 571,874	49.86%	\$ 285,136	(285,136)
Balance, April 30, 2025					1,873,115
SDTC Tranche 2	\$ 1,112,509				1,112,509
ICE Tranche 2	\$ 268,715				268,715
Eligible project costs - non-capital		\$ 1,733,996	49.86%	\$ 864,571	(864,571)
Eligible project costs - capital		\$ 3,119,670	49.86%	\$ 1,555,467	(1,555,467)
Balance, April 30, 2026					\$ 834,301

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15. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
Equipment (1)	\$ 219,623	\$ 269,950
Building (2)	128,768	-
Land (3)	1,465,085	1,423,849
	1,813,476	1,693,799
Less current portion of lease obligations	(121,128)	(103,168)
	\$ 1,692,348	\$ 1,590,631

- (1) The Company's equipment leases balance as at April 30, 2026, is comprised of four 5-year leases for the use of four forklifts commencing between August 1, 2023 and March 1, 2024, with a combined initial monthly lease payment of \$5,963 over the following 64 months. An initial amount of \$327,309 was capitalized to leased assets on inception of the leases. In October 2025, the lease agreements were modified which resulted in an increase in the combined monthly lease payment to \$6,571. This change resulted in an increase in the leased liability of \$26,502 and a corresponding increase in the leased equipment value of \$26,502 (see Note 9).
- (2) The Company entered into a 5-year building lease effective February 1, 2026, for its research and development facility. Monthly lease payments are \$2,444 for the first 12 months of the lease, which subsequently increase by approximately 1% on an annual basis. The Company recorded an initial value of \$135,070 for this lease, based on an implied interest rate of 4.95%, which was an estimate of the Company's incremental cost of borrowing at the lease inception date.
- (3) The Company's land leases as at April 30, 2026, were comprised of the following:
- (a) A lease expiring June 30, 2055 (approximately 29 years remaining as at April 30, 2026) for 2.2 acres of industrial property in Kamloops, B.C. owned by the Tk'emlúps te Secwépemc First Nation. Annual lease payments increased from \$27,225 to \$33,990 effective January 2026. This change resulted in an increase in the leased liability of \$34,042 and a corresponding increase in the leased land value of \$34,042 (see Note 9). The interest rate attributed to the lease is 4.95% based on an estimate of the Company's incremental borrowing rate at the lease modification date.
- (b) A lease expiring June 30, 2055 (approximately 29 years remaining as at April 30, 2026) for 1.4 acres of industrial property in Kamloops, B.C. owned by the Tk'emlúps te Secwépemc First Nation. Annual lease payments increased from \$23,595 to \$29,458 effective January 2026. This change resulted in an increase in the leased liability of \$29,569 and a corresponding increase in the leased land value of \$29,569 (see Note 9). The interest rate attributed to the lease is 4.95% based on an estimate of the Company's incremental borrowing rate at the lease modification date.
- (c) A lease expiring June 30, 2055 (approximately 29 years remaining as at April 30, 2026) for 0.5 acres of industrial property in Kamloops, B.C. owned by the Tk'emlúps te Secwépemc First Nation. Annual lease payments increased from \$8,250 to \$10,300 effective January 2026. This change resulted in an increase in the leased liability of \$8,142 and a corresponding increase in the leased land value of \$8,142 (see Note 9). The interest rate attributed to the lease is 4.95% based on an estimate of the Company's incremental borrowing rate at the lease modification date.
- (d) A lease expiring August 31, 2055 (approximately 30 years remaining as at April 30, 2026) for 1.1 acres of industrial property in Kamloops, B.C. owned by the Tk'emlúps te Secwépemc First Nation. This lease was modified effective September 1, 2023 and annual lease payments were increased from \$17,825 to \$22,425 at that time. The interest rate attributed to the lease is 7.6% based on an estimate of the Company's incremental borrowing rate at the lease modification date.

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15. LEASE OBLIGATIONS (cont'd...)

- (e) A lease expiring June 30, 2031 (approximately 5 years remaining as at April 30, 2026) for industrial storage property located near Kamloops, B.C. owned by a private landowner. Annual lease payments are \$10,000. The interest rate attributed to the lease is 3.55% based on an estimate of the Company's incremental borrowing rate at the lease recognition date.

Effective September 1, 2024, the Company exercised a buyout option on a transport truck that was at the end of its 5-year lease. The buyout price was \$34,281 and the remaining lease liability was \$23,414 at the buyout date. The Company reported the difference of \$10,967 as a loss on settlement of lease liability (included in other income – see Note 23).

Effective October 30, 2024, the Company sold a leased property, and the associated building, for gross proceeds of \$1,230,000. This lease for a 2.7 acre industrial property in Kamloops, B.C. was expiring September 30, 2058 (approximately 34 years remaining at the date of sale). The lease liability recognized by the Company in relation to this lease (\$825,836) was eliminated at the date of sale (see Note 9).

Effective July 9, 2025, the Company exercised a buyout option on a forklift prior to the end of its 5-year lease. The buyout price was \$10 and the remaining lease liability was \$14,176 at the buyout date. The Company reported the difference of \$14,166 as a gain on settlement of lease liability (included in other income – see Note 23).

During the year ended April 30, 2026, interest expense of \$82,495 (2025 – \$92,975) relating to lease liabilities has been included in finance costs in the statement of income and comprehensive income related to these lease arrangements.

A summary of the changes in the Company's lease liabilities for the years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

	2026	2025
Lease liabilities, beginning of year	\$ 1,693,799	\$ 2,629,513
Lease additions	135,070	-
Lease modifications	98,256	-
Payments	(181,978)	(213,820)
Interest expense	82,495	92,975
Settlement of lease liability	-	(825,836)
(Gain) loss on settlement of lease liabilities	(14,166)	10,967
Lease liabilities, end of year	\$ 1,813,476	\$ 1,693,799

A schedule of the Company's lease maturities at April 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
Maturity analysis – contractual undiscounted cash flows		
Less than one year	\$ 214,490	\$ 167,916
More than one year	3,007,305	2,629,539
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	\$ 3,221,795	\$ 2,797,455

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16 LOANS PAYABLE

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
BMO 25-year term non-revolving demand loan, interest at BMO's prime rate + 0.75% per annum, repayable in monthly installments of \$23,233 plus interest, secured by a general security agreement of the Company's assets as well as first mortgages on the Company's real property and leased properties, and partially secured by personal guarantees of certain shareholders of the Company	\$ -	\$ 6,087,133
BDC 23-year term non-revolving loan, interest at 5.05% per annum, repayable in monthly installments of \$20,570 plus interest secured by a general security agreement of the Company's assets as well as first mortgages on the Company's leased properties. No principal payments were due until March 2026.	5,636,180	-
TD Auto Finance 48-month term loan, interest at 5.99% per annum, repayable in 48 equal blended payments of principal and interest of \$2,176, with the final payment due on August 10, 2027	33,378	56,723
	5,669,558	6,143,856
Less current portion of loans payable	(292,691)	(304,077)
	\$ 5,376,867	\$ 5,839,779

A summary of changes in loans payable for the years ended April 30, 2026, and 2025 is as follows:

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
Loans payable, beginning of period	\$ 6,143,856	\$ 6,444,648
Loan proceeds	5,680,000	-
Loan repayments	(6,444,236)	(761,347)
Interest expense	289,938	460,555
Loans payable, end of period	\$ 5,669,558	\$ 6,143,856

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17. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Company has recorded asset retirement obligations for the estimated costs of reclaiming its mineral property assets. Due to the long-term nature of the liability, uncertainty in estimating the provision relates to the timing and costs that will be incurred. The estimated reclamation costs include costs of backfilling, grading, applying topsoil, and seeding and planting trees as required by the BC Ministry of Energy, Mines and Low Carbon Innovation. The Company has calculated the present value of the reclamation costs as at April 30, 2026 and April 30, 2025 using a pre-tax discount rate of 3.07% (2025: 3.07%) and an inflation rate of 2.0%. The estimated total undiscounted cash flows for reclamation costs as at April 30, 2026 is \$400,449 (April 30, 2025: \$335,496). The following is a reconciliation of the changes in the asset retirement obligations during the years ended April 30, 2026, and 2025:

	2026	2025
Asset retirement obligations, beginning of year	\$ 270,439	\$ 298,577
Reclamation work performed	(7,484)	(5,187)
Change in estimated costs and assumptions	70,937	(25,478)
Accretion expense	5,290	2,527
Asset retirement obligations, end of year	339,182	270,439
Less estimated current portion	(20,000)	(20,000)
	\$ 319,182	\$ 250,439

18. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes reported differs from the amounts computed by applying statutory Canadian federal and provincial tax rates to the loss before tax for the years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025 due to the following:

	2026	2025
Income for the year before taxes	\$ 1,419,676	\$ 1,227,222
Statutory income tax rate	27%	27%
Expected income tax expense at statutory rates	\$ 383,313	\$ 331,350
Non-deductible share-based compensation	64,038	1,217
Non-deductible portion of capital loss	(24,575)	47,757
Fair market value adjustment to common shares	-	2,961
Other permanent differences	7,562	4,698
Adjustment to prior period estimates	(98,993)	3,063
Change in unrecognized deferred tax assets	46,533	(816,978)
Other	5,983	(16,437)
Total income tax expense (recovery)	\$ 383,861	\$ (442,369)

The Company's income tax expense (recovery) reported for each of the years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025, is comprised of the following:

	2026	2025
Current income tax expense (recovery)	\$ (83,654)	\$ 241,796
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	467,515	(684,165)
	\$ 383,861	\$ (442,369)

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18. INCOME TAXES (cont'd...)

The Company's recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities as at April 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
Deferred income tax assets		
Non-capital losses	\$ 802,950	\$ 570,000
Lease liability and other	456,653	455,283
	\$ 1,259,603	\$ 1,025,283
Deferred income tax liabilities		
Mineral properties	\$ (539,351)	\$ (250,938)
Property, plant and equipment	(2,705,401)	(2,291,979)
	\$ (3,244,752)	\$ (2,542,917)
Net deferred income tax liability	\$ (1,985,149)	\$ (1,517,634)

The Company's movement of net deferred tax liabilities is described below:

	2026	2025
At May 1	\$ (1,517,634)	\$ (2,201,799)
Deferred income tax (expense) recovery recognized in net income	(467,515)	684,165
At April 30	\$ (1,985,149)	\$ (1,517,634)

The Company recognizes a deferred tax asset on unused tax losses or other deductible amounts when the Company expects to have future taxable profit against which the amounts could be utilized. As at April 30, 2026, the Company expected to generate future taxable profits within the subsequent 12-month period such that it would utilize approximately \$2,973,890 of unused tax losses and other deductible amounts. Accordingly, the Company recognized a deferred tax asset of \$802,950 (\$2,973,890 of taxable income multiplied by the current statutory tax rate of 27%) as at April 30, 2026, which is included in the Deferred income tax assets – Non-capital losses balance noted above. A corresponding \$802,950 was included as a reduction to the Company's deferred income tax expense for the year ended April 30, 2026.

The Company's remaining unrecognized temporary differences for which no deferred tax asset is recognized consist of the following amounts:

	April 30, 2026	Expiry Date Range	April 30, 2025
Non-capital losses	\$ 7,633,000	2035-2046	\$ 8,430,000
Exploration and evaluation assets	5,127,000	No expiry	4,077,000
Property, plant and equipment	230,000	No expiry	256,000
Share issue costs	6,000	2047	50,000
Asset retirement obligation	339,000	No expiry	276,000
Scientific research and experimental development expenses	134,000	No expiry	134,000
Other	452,000	No expiry	715,000
Unrecognized deductible temporary differences	\$ 13,921,000		\$ 13,938,000

The undisclosed internal deductible temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries is \$10,435,000. Tax attributes are subject to review, and potential adjustment, by competent authority.

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19. SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE

Authorized: unlimited common shares without par value

During the year ended April 30, 2026, the Company issued 540,000 common shares in relation to stock options that were exercised during the period.

During the year ended April 30, 2025, the Company repurchased 2,735,000 of its common shares for cancellation under the terms of a normal course issuer bid. The total cost of the shares, including transaction costs, was \$288,481 (\$0.105 per common share). The Company cancelled all the 2,735,000 shares prior to April 30, 2025.

Stock options

The Company has a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, employees and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. Under the plan, the exercise price of each option equals the market price of the Company's stock, less an applicable discount, as calculated on the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of five years. Vesting is determined by the Board of Directors.

A summary of the Company's stock option activity for the years ended April 30, 2026, and 2025

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, April 30, 2024	10,765,000	\$ 0.27
Forfeited	(850,000)	0.28
Expired	(3,735,000)	0.35
Balance, April 30, 2025	6,180,000	\$ 0.23
Issued	2,960,000	0.18
Exercised	(540,000)	0.19
Expired	(450,000)	0.33
Balance, April 30, 2026	8,150,000	\$ 0.21
Exercisable, April 30, 2026	8,075,000	\$ 0.21

During year ended April 30, 2026, the Company granted the following:

- (1) 2,860,000 stock options to employees, officers, directors and consultants of the Company. All of the stock options vested immediately. The stock options issued to the consultants were in exchange for corporate strategy, business development or research and development services. The exercise price of the stock options granted was \$0.18 per option and the term was 5.0 years. The estimated fair value of the options granted was \$228,800 or \$0.08 per option.
- (2) 100,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company. 25,000 stock options vested at the grant date and the remaining 75,000 options vest on October 20, 2026. The stock options were issued in exchange for research and development services. The exercise price of the stock options granted was \$0.29 per option and the term was 3.0 years. The estimated fair value of the options granted was \$13,000 or \$0.08 per option.

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19. SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE (cont'd...)

During the year ended April 30, 2025, the Company did not grant any stock options.

The following weighted average assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes valuation of stock options granted during the year ended April 30, 2026:

	2026
Risk-free interest rate	2.74%
Expected life of options	4.9 years
Expected annualized volatility	74.7%
Expected dividend rate	0.00%

As at April 30, 2026, Company had the following stock options outstanding:

Options Outstanding	Options Exercisable	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
300,000	300,000	\$ 0.35	11-May-26 (a)
1,875,000	1,875,000	0.275	13-Jun-26 (b)
100,000	25,000	0.29	20-Oct-28
3,265,000	3,265,000	0.18	14-Mar-29
2,610,000	2,610,000	\$ 0.18	09-May-30
8,150,000	8,075,000		

(a) Options expired unexercised subsequent to April 30, 2026 (Note 27).

(b) 600,000 of these options were exercised subsequent to April 30, 2026, for gross proceeds of \$165,000. The remaining 1,275,000 options expired unexercised (Note 27).

Warrants

A summary of the Company's warrant activity for the years ended April 30, 2026, and 2025:

	Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, April 30, 2024	8,333,332	\$ 0.36
Expired	(8,333,332)	0.36
Balance, April 30, 2025, and April, 2026	-	\$ -

The Company did not issue any warrants during the years ended April 30, 2025, and 2026.

Share-based Compensation

During the year ended April 30, 2026, the Company recognized share-based compensation of \$237,179 (2025 - \$4,509) for stock options vesting in the period.

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20. COMMITMENTS

The Company is committed to four equipment leases with payments totaling \$78,855 for the twelve-month period following April 30, 2026 (Note 15(1)). The expiry dates of these leases range between November 30, 2028, and June 30, 2029.

The Company is committed to one building lease with payments, including additional rent, totalling \$45,481 for the twelve-month period following April 30, 2026 (Note 15(2)). This lease expires January 31, 2031.

The Company is committed to four land leases with T'kemlups te Secwepmc and one lease with a private landowner with annual payments totaling \$106,173 (Note 15(3)). The leases contain clauses allowing the rental amount to be reviewed and adjusted every five years. The lease with the private landowner expires on June 30, 2031. Three of the leases with T'kemlups te Secwepmc expire on June 30, 2055 and one lease expires on August 31, 2055.

The Company is committed to a non-revolving 23-year term loan payable to BDC in the amount of \$5,636,180. Annual principal payments on this loan are \$246,840 and the interest rate is equal to 5.05% per annum. The loan matures on November 23, 2049. Only interest payments were due on this loan until March 2026.

The Company is committed to a non-revolving 48-month term loan payable to TD Auto Finance in the amount of \$33,378, with an annual interest rate of 5.99%. Annual combined principal and interest payments on this loan are \$26,109. The loan matures on August 10, 2027.

21. CONTINGENCIES

Due to the nature of the Company's operations, various contingencies such as, but not limited to, environmental obligations, litigation, regulatory proceedings, and tax matters arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company accrues such items as liabilities when the amount can be reasonably estimated, and settlement of the matter is probable to require an outflow of future economic benefits from the Company.

The Company, by agreement with the Government of British Columbia, is responsible for any future site restoration costs on its mining properties. At this time, the need for, or the nature of, any future site restoration costs in addition to those already disclosed in Note 17 cannot be reasonably determined.

The Company is contingently liable with respect to financial letters of credit for \$356,200 as at April 30, 2026 (April 30, 2025 – \$266,000).

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, and comprises the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, President and Directors. The spouses of two of the Company's key management personnel are employed by the Company in sales or marketing positions. A third spouse worked for the Company in sales in the year ended April 30, 2025, but resigned in October 2024.

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22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (cont'd...)

	2026	2025
Selling expenses – Personnel	\$ 110,309	\$ 138,883
General and administrative expenses – Personnel	517,831	496,490
General and administrative expenses – Professional fees	105,363	102,825
Share-based compensation	162,800	-
	\$ 896,303	\$ 738,198

As at April 30, 2026, \$14,699 (April 30, 2025: \$9,560) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities which is comprised of amounts owed to a director and a corporation owned by the Company's CFO.

23. OTHER INCOME

A summary of the Company's other income (expenses) for the years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025 is as follows:

	2026	2025
Exploration expenditures – third party asset	\$ (26,224)	\$ -
Loss on foreign exchange	(58,753)	(76,012)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	62,024	317,490
Other income (a)	128,027	106,900
Property rental (b)	-	26,381
Gain on investments in public companies (Note 6)	163,535	22,808
Gain (loss) on settlement of lease liabilities	14,166	(10,967)
Reclamation expense	(16,200)	-
	\$ 266,575	\$ 386,600

- (a) The Company earns royalty income for the use of one of its proprietary product formulations by a third-party. In addition, the Company earns dividend income on its public company investments (see Note 6).
- (b) Prior to the sale of one of its leased properties effective October 30, 2024, the Company leased excess warehouse space to a third party.

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24. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The Company's additions to property, plant and equipment assets for the year ended April 30, 2026 presented on the statement of cash flows are net of government grant funding utilized for those asset additions. The gross cash cost of the property plant and equipment additions was as follows:

	2026	2025
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, net of grant proceeds	\$ 5,051,481	\$ 777,892
Grant proceeds allocated to purchase of property, plant and equipment	1,555,467	-
Gross cash cost of property, plant and equipment additions	\$ 6,606,948	\$ 777,892

The following supplemental cash flow information is provided for the years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025:

	2026	2025
Lease receivable addition (a)	\$ 274,149	\$ -
Property, plant and equipment disposition (a)	\$ (274,149)	\$ -
Addition of leased assets (b)	\$ 233,326	\$ -
Leased liability addition (b)	\$ (233,326)	\$ -
Mineral property additions (c)	\$ -	\$ 36,250
Evaluation and exploration asset dispositions (c)	\$ -	\$ (36,250)
Disposition of leased asset (d)		\$ 762,679
Settlement of lease liability (d)		\$ (762,679)

- (a) During the year ended April, 2026, the Company disposed of an under-utilized equipment asset by entering into an agreement to lease the asset to a third-party (see Note 7). The Company determined the net present value of the lease payments to be \$274,149 at the inception of the lease which were recorded as a Lease receivable.
- (b) In October 2025, the Company's lease agreements for four forklifts were modified which resulted in an increase in the combined monthly lease payment to \$6,571. This change resulted in an increase in the leased liability of \$26,502 and a corresponding increase in the leased equipment value of \$26,502 (see Note 9). In addition, in January 2026, three of Company's lease agreement for land assets were modified which resulted in an increase in the combined monthly lease payment of \$7,339. This change resulted in an increase in the leased liability of \$71,754 and a corresponding increase in the leased land value of \$71,754 (see Note 9).

In addition, effective February 1, 2026, the Company entered into a 5-year building lease for its research and development facility. The Company capitalized the value of this lease of \$135,070 as a Leased Building asset (see Note 9) and recorded a corresponding lease liability of \$135,070 at the lease inception date.

- (c) Effective May 31, 2024, the Company relinquished its 2.5% interest in the Sun Group Property, an exploration and evaluation asset in exchange for an additional 2.5% interest in the Bromley Creek Mine, a mineral property asset (see Note 11). Management estimated the fair value of the 2.5% interest in the Bromley Creek Mine to be \$36,250.

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24. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION (cont'd...)

- (d) Effective October 30, 2024, the Company sold a leased property, and the associated building. At the date of sale, the lease liability recognized by the Company in relation to this lease was \$825,836. On disposition of the leased property, the Company eliminated both the lease liability and the corresponding right-of-use asset.

The following table summarizes the net changes in non-cash operating working capital, during years ended April 30, 2026 and 2025:

	2026	2025
Accounts receivable	\$ (406,880)	\$ (14,505)
Inventories	186,541	(74,313)
Prepaid expenses and other	213,911	(377,761)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	834,459	404,347
Deferred revenue	-	(4,656)
Deferred grant income	(1,038,814)	1,873,115
	\$ (210,783)	\$ 1,806,227

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

- (a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – e.g., foreign exchange rates, interest rates – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing returns.

Interest rate risk:

The Company's long-term debt is not subject to short-term interest rate risk as its long-term debt carries a fixed interest rate for a five-year term.

Currency risk:

The Company is exposed to financial risks as a result of exchange rate fluctuations and the volatility of these rates. There has been an increase to the Company's currency risk during fiscal year ended April 30, 2026 because US denominated revenues increased compared with the prior year period.

The summary quantitative data about the Company's exposure to currency risk is as follows:

	April 30, 2026 USD	April 30, 2025 USD
Cash	\$ 97,322	\$ 665,615
Trade receivables	701,774	414,420
Accounts payable	(182,582)	(89,323)
	\$ 616,514	\$ 990,712

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25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd...)

If the US dollar had strengthened by 10% against the Canadian dollar, with all other variables held constant, net income before tax for the year ended April 30, 2026 would have increased by approximately \$84,000 (2025: \$137,000), as a result of the retranslation of USD-denominated monetary assets and liabilities summarized above. Conversely, a 10% weakening of the US dollar would have resulted in an equal and opposite impact.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Company deals with creditworthy counterparties to mitigate the risk of financial loss from defaults.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of \$2,247,720 at April 30, 2026 (April 30, 2025 – \$5,428,513). The balance as at April 30, 2025, included \$1,750,000 deposited in redeemable short-term investment accounts. The cash and cash equivalents are held with a bank rated at AA-, based on Fitch ratings.

Accounts receivable

The Company monitors the credit risk of customers through credit rating reviews. The Company limits its exposure to credit risk from trade receivables by establishing a maximum payment period of 90 days.

In management's opinion, the maximum amount of credit risk is the carrying value of those assets. There has not been a change in who the Company extends credit to. The Company uses a provision matrix to analyze impairment of its trade receivables at the end of each reporting date. During the year ended April 30, 2026, the Company recognized an impairment loss allowance on trade receivables of \$112,627 (April 30, 2025 – \$75,845).

As at April 30, 2026, the Company's aged trade receivables and related expected credit loss allowance are as follows:

As at April 30, 2026	Geographic location			ECL allowance	Credit impairment
	Canada	US	Total		
Current (not past due)	\$ 514,520	\$ 906,593	\$ 1,421,113	\$ –	No
1 – 30 days past due	143,628	54,415	198,043	–	No
31 – 60 days past due	9,940	–	9,940	–	No
Over 60 days past due	24,201	–	24,201	–	No
	\$ 692,289	\$ 961,008	\$ 1,653,297	\$ –	

As at April 30, 2026, \$845,347 of the Company's trade receivables were due from three customers (April 30, 2025 – \$697,931 due from three customers).

Lease receivable

In June 2025, the Company entered into an agreement to lease an under-utilized equipment asset to a third-party. The Company assessed the creditworthiness of the third-party to be strong given it is a multi-national public company with a long history of profitability. Management determined there is no expected credit loss associated with the lease receivable as at April 30, 2026, given that all lease payments have been received on time and that, in the event of default, the Company has the ability to re-possess the leased asset in order to recoup any losses.

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25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd...)

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will be unable to fulfil its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Company manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Company prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfil its obligations. In addition, the Company maintains an operating line of credit facility that can be drawn on to meet short-term financing needs.

A summary of the Company's prospective undiscounted contractual cash flows (i.e., including known or estimated interest costs) that existed as at April 30, 2026 is as follows:

As at April 30, 2026		Undiscounted contractual cash flows			
	Carrying amount	Fiscal 2027	Fiscal 2028	Fiscal 2029	Fiscal 2030 and thereafter
Accounts payable	\$ 2,901,762	\$ 2,901,762	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Lease liabilities	1,813,476	214,490	215,023	207,290	2,584,992
Loans payable	5,669,558	551,878	521,806	500,823	7,357,667
Asset retirement obligation	339,182	20,000	20,000	20,000	385,449
	\$ 10,723,978	\$ 3,688,130	\$ 756,829	\$ 728,113	\$ 10,328,108

(d) Fair value disclosure

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, investment in a public company, lease receivable, investment in a private company, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and loans payable. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, bank indebtedness and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term nature.

The lease receivable and the loans payable have been valued using the discounted cash flow method. This valuation model considers the present value of expected payments, discounted using a risk-adjusted discount rate. Management determined the carrying values of the lease receivable and the loans payable were equal to their respective carrying values as at April 30, 2026 (and as at April 30, 2025 in respect to the loans payable).

Investment in a public company and investment in a private company are carried at fair value.

The following table presents the Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, categorized within the fair value hierarchy, as at April 30, 2026:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments in public companies	\$ 1,147,390	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,147,390
Investment in a private company	-	-	468,000	468,000
	\$ 1,147,390	\$ -	\$ 468,000	\$ 1,615,390

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25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd...)

Investments in public companies

The investment in public companies (see Note 6) is classified as Level 1, as it is measured using the quoted closing market price in an active market at the reporting date, with no adjustments made to that price.

Investment in a private company

The investment in a private company (see Note 8) is classified as Level 3. The fair value is based on the transaction price for the same class of shares as disclosed in ZS2's financial statements dated December 31, 2025. As this date does not coincide with the Company's reporting date of April 30, 2026, management has assumed no significant change in fair value occurred between December 31, 2025 and April 30, 2026. This assumption is a significant unobservable input, as it is not corroborated by observable market transactions or data for the intervening period, and accordingly the investment is classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy.

(e) Capital management:

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Company monitors capital using a ratio of "net debt" to equity. For this purpose, net debt is defined as total liabilities (as shown in the statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Equity comprises all components of equity. Net debt to equity is not a measure recognized under IFRS and does not have a standardized meaning. It may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.

The Company's net debt to equity ratio at the end of the reporting year was as follows:

	April 30, 2026	April 30, 2025
Total liabilities	\$ 13,543,428	\$ 13,597,209
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(2,247,720)	(5,428,513)
Net debt	11,295,708	8,168,696
Total equity	\$ 15,756,861	\$ 14,381,917
Net debt to equity	0.72	0.57

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26. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer. The Company has identified one operating segment being the Canadian operations. All of the Company's assets are located in Canada.

Revenue by geographic location

The Company sells to customers located in Canada and in the US. The following is a summary of sales by geographic location for the years ended April 30, 2026, and 2025:

	2026	2025
Revenue from customers located in Canada	\$ 9,160,349	\$ 8,634,692
Revenue from customers located in the US	14,040,247	10,883,385
	<u>\$ 23,200,596</u>	<u>\$ 19,518,077</u>

Customer concentration

During the year ended April 30, 2026, there was one customer that individually accounted for more than 10% of total revenues (year ended April 30, 2025, two customers). This customer accounted for 21% of total revenues (year ended April 30, 2025: 16% and 12%, respectively).

27. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- (a) Subsequent to April 30, 2026, the Company disposed of all its shares in public company #1 and public company #2 (reported as Investments in Public Companies – see Note 6) for combined net proceeds of \$1,029,914. The total carrying value of these investments was \$1,147,390 at April 30, 2026. Accordingly, the Company realized a loss on disposition of \$117,476.
- (b) Subsequent to April 30, 2026, 600,000 stock options with a strike price of \$0.275 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$165,000. In addition, 300,000 stock options with a strike price of \$0.35, and 1,275,000 options with a strike price of \$0.275, expired unexercised.